

## Abridged Chronological Table

Period	Year(s)	Castle Lord	Note
Kamakura	1201~1204	Nikaïdo Yukimasa	It is said that the castle was built for military purposes.
		Sato Tomomitsu	
		Iga Mitsumune	
		Inaba Mitsusuke	Name changed to Inaba, and the castle was named Inabayamajo after him.
	1259~1260	Nikaïdo Yukifuji	He owned a territory around Seki City, and rebuilt Shinchokoku-ji Temple.
Muromachi	1394~1428	Saito Toshinaga	Castle was repaired under the regency of Toki. He moved into Kanou Castle in 1445.
		Saito Myouchin	
		Nagai Shinzaemonnojo	
		Saito Dosan	Moved into Inabayama Castle after repairing in 1549. He moved into Sagiya Castle in 1554 and died in a battle against Yoshitatsu in 1556.
	1554	Saito Yoshitatsu	Died of illness in May 1561 (34 years old).
	1561	Saito Tatsuoki (Takenaka Shigeharu)	Succeeded at a young age; however, in February 1564, the castle was temporarily taken over by Takenaka Hanbei Shigeharu. In August 1567, he was attacked by Nobunaga Oda and was defeated. Great achievement by Kinoshita Tokichiro.
	1567	Oda Nobunaga	Moved out of Owari Kiyosu and into Azuchi Castle in 1576. He worked for the development of a castle town in Gifu by establishing Rakuichi Rakuza. He committed suicide at the Incident of the Honno-ji Temple in 1582.
Azuchi	1576	Oda Nobutada	Succeeding his father Nobunaga, he worked for the prosperity of Gifu. At the Incident of Honno-ji Temple, he died fighting against Akechi Mitsuhide at Nijou Castle.
	1582	Kanbe Nobutaka	The third son of Nobunaga. He moved from Kanbe Castle in Ise, and had to give up his castle after being attacked by Hideyoshi in 1583.
	1583	Ikeda Motosuke	Died fighting in the Battle of Komaki Nagakute in 1584.
Momoyama	1585	Ikeda Terumasa	Moved into Yoshida Castle in Mikawa in September 1590, and later became the lord of Himeji Castle.
	1591	Toyotomi Hidekatsu	Adopted son of Hideyoshi and he used the family name of Hashiba. He went to the battle in Korea in 1592, and died of illness at Karashima (Kiyosaito) in Korea.
	1592	Oda Hidenobu	Moved from Azuchi Castle. He was attacked by the Tokugawa Force in August 1600, and gave in. Died in May 1605, at the age of 26.
	1601		Castle became a ruin and the turret, tower and stonewall were transferred to Kanou Castle.
Edo			No castle building.
Meiji	1910		Model castle constructed. Burned down in February 1943.
Showa	1956		Rebuilding of the Tenshukaku Tower, still standing today.
Heisei	1997		First major renovation after the reconstruction.
	2001		800th Anniversary of the Construction of the Castle.

## Information

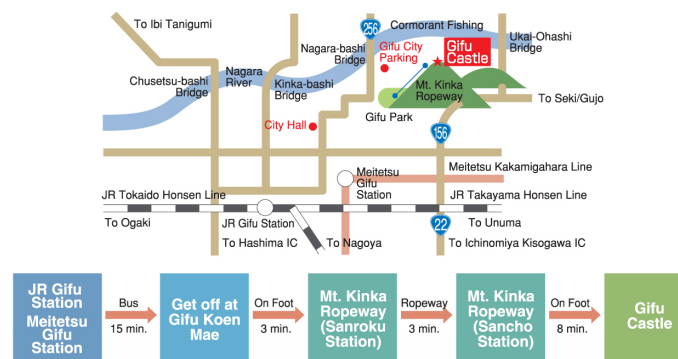
Admission (Allows entry to Gifu Castle and Gifu Castle Museum)	Opening Hours
Adult (over 16) ¥200 Child (between 4 to 15) ¥100	Open throughout the year May 12 ~ October 16: 8:30~17:30 October 17 ~ March 15: 9:30~16:30 March 16 ~ May 11: 9:30~17:30 Evening hours are available, depending on the occasion.
Group discount: 20% off for group 30 people or more	

※Those meeting the following conditions may enter free of charge. Please present your identification.

1. Holders of the handbook for the physically handicapped, handbook for the insurance of the mentally disabled, or the handbook for mentally under developed children as well as caregivers.
2. Those over 70 years old.
3. Junior high students entering on Family Day (Third Sunday of each month)

Ropeway Fare	One way	Round trip
Adult (Over 12 /Junior high students)	¥600	¥1,050
Child (Between 4 to 11)	¥280	¥520
Large group of 30 people or more: 10% discount for adults and 25% discount for children, 25% discount on the adult fare for junior high and high school students		

Above fare includes consumption tax.



〈For Inquiries〉

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Gifu Castle

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# GIFU CASTLE

岐阜城  
GIFU-JO

Mt. Kinka- the Land of  
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